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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/668,931	09/23/2003	Claes Anders Kamf	38422.0005	3386
26712 HODGSON R	7590 01/03/2007 USS LLP		EXAMINER	
ONE M & T PLAZA			IP, SIKYIN	
SUITE 2000 BUFFALO, N	Y 14203-2391		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1742	
SUODTENED STATITOD	DV BERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	Det Iven	W MODE
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		01/03/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/668,931	KAMF, CLAES	KAMF, CLAES ANDERS				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Sikyin Ip	1742					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	on appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence a	nddress				
A SH WHIC - External after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR INCHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IN INCHEMENT IN I	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUN CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a tion. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO y statute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	06 October 2006.						
<i>'</i> —		This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
٠,٠	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15 and 17</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15 and 17</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	_							
8)	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>23 September 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)	a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
• 6	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
" 8	See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies no	received.					
Attachmen		,, □ , , , ,	C					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date					
3) 🔲 Infor	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ r No(s)/Mail Date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Informal Patent Application (P7	TO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-8, 10-15, and 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over JP 08319527.

JP 08319527 discloses the features including the claimed Cu based alloy composition, hot rolling, cold rolling, solution heat treatment, cold rolling, aging (abstract) except for the cooling rate. However, the instant specification fails to have detail description about the cooling rate which reads on furnace cooling after aging step. Thus, said cooling rate would have been inherently possessed by aging step of cited reference. As stated in In re Peterson, 315 F.3d 1325, 1329-30, 65 USPQ2d 1379, 1382 (Fed. Cir. 2003), that "A prima facie case of obviousness typically exists when the

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ranges of a claimed composition overlap the ranges disclosed in the prior art".

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select any portion of range, including the claimed range, from the broader range disclosed in a prior art reference because the prior art reference finds that the prior art composition in the entire disclosed range has a suitable utility. Also see MPEP § 2131.03 and § 2123.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 08319527 as applied to claims above, and further in view of JP 61250154 or JP 03162553.

JP 08319527 discloses the features substantially as claimed as set forth in the rejection above except for solution treated grain size and electrical conductivity. However, JP 61250154 and JP 03162553 in their abstracts discloses claimed solution treated grain size range is merely conventional size in the same field of endeavor or the analogous metallurgical art. References do not disclose the low electrical conductivity after solution heat treatment but would have been inherently possessed by the teachings of the cited references because the instant claimed Cu based alloy composition, method steps, and grain size are overlapped by the cited references. Therefore, the burden is on the applicant to prove that the product of the prior art does not necessarily or inherently possess characteristics attributed to the claimed product. In re Spade, 911 F.2d 705, 708, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

"Where the claimed and prior art products are identical or substantially identical in structure or composition, or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes, a prima facie case of either anticipation or obviousness has been established, In re Best, Application/Control Number: 10/668,931

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195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977). 'When the PTO shows a sound basis for believing that the products of the applicant and the prior art are the same, the applicant has the burden of showing that they are not.' In re Spada, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990). Therefore, the prima facie case can be rebutted by evidence showing that the prior art products do not necessarily possess the characteristics of the claimed product. In re Best, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977)."

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed October 6, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's argument in page 6 of instant remarks is noted. First, there is no teaching of criticality of recited cooling rate 10 to 20 °C/h. Second, applicant has not shown or rebutted the recited cooling rate in rejected claims cannot be read on furnace cooling. Third, it is well known (evinced below) in the metallurgical art that the recited cooling rate is known furnace cooling rate which ordinary skill artisan takes it for granted.

RU 2068449 in abstract discloses

"subsequent cooling in the furnace at a rate of 15-20°C/hr."

SU 1127321 in abstract discloses

Cooling to 200 deg. C is conducted inside the furnace at cooling rate 10-60 deg. C/h and it is followed by further

ple 1 was used, and was slowly cooled so that the maxi-USP 4950451 in col. 9, lines 53-57 discloses "2.5°/min.

These samples were first uged in the higher temperature regime of 450° C for 4 hours followed by furnace cooling from 450° C for 4 hours followed by furnace cooling from 450° C to 350° C at a rate of 25° C per hour and held at a temperature of 350° C for 2 hours.

In Example 11, the same copper alloy plate as Exam-

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Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Applicant is reminded that when amendment and/or revision is required, applicant should therefore specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.121 and 37 C.F.R. Part §41.37 (c)(1)(v).

Examiner Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to S. Ip whose telephone number is (571) 272-1241. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 5:30 A.M. to 2:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Roy V. King, can be reached on (571)-272-1244.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

SIKYIN IP PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 1742

S. lp December 23, 2006